

# Roseberry Primary and Nursery School

## School Food – Policy for Packed Lunches (brought in from home)



**Headteacher:** Mrs E. Dunn  
**Chair of Governors:** Mrs W. Seymour

**Date:** November 2021  
**Date for Review:** November 2022  
**Reviewed by:** Miss R Dodds

## **Introduction**

To grow and stay healthy children need to eat a nutritionally well-balanced diet. Schools are an influential setting and can contribute significantly to improving the health and well-being of pupils.

Good nutrition in childhood can help to prevent a variety of health problems, both in the short term and later in life. There is increasing concern that many children are consuming too much fat, sugar and salt and too little fibre, fruit and vegetables.

We ask that children bring plain water into school in their own water bottles, which can be accessed throughout the school day. Flavoured water, fizzy water, juice and fizzy drinks **should not** be brought into school to drink in classrooms. If any of these drinks are brought into school, children will be provided with cups of plain water instead.

Packed lunches can contribute to almost a third of a child's weekly food intake and therefore need to be balanced and nutritious.

## **Aim**

To ensure that packed lunches (brought in from home) reflect the standards for school meals introduced in September 2006.

## **Rationale:**

- Schools are required to positively promote the health and wellbeing of its pupils. Work around healthy eating is a high priority of the Every Child Matters agenda.
- The content of lunchboxes needs to reflect the requirement of schools to meet minimum food and nutrition standards for school meals.
- The contents of lunchboxes in some schools can be extremely unhealthy, recent audits of lunchboxes have shown that in the main they contain foods with high levels of fat, sugar and salt, and very few fruit and vegetables.
- To encourage healthy eating habits from an early age and improve the overall nutrition of pupils
- The short term effects of unhealthy packed lunches and food intake can include poor growth, tooth decay, obesity, anaemia, constipation,

poor concentration and behavioural problems which may have an impact on a child's learning.

- The longer term effects of a poor diet in childhood can be an increased risk of stroke, cancer, heart disease and diabetes in adulthood.

### **Objectives**

- To improve the nutritional quality of packed lunches in schools and the eating habits of children at lunchtimes.
- To develop an awareness in pupils, parents, staff and the wider community that the school takes a pro-active approach to promoting healthy eating.
- To encourage healthy eating habits in childhood that can influence health and well being in later life.
- To ensure that food brought into school (packed lunches) reflects and meets food standards for School Food.

### **Top tips for creating a healthy packed lunch:**

No single food contains all the essential nutrients that your child needs; therefore, it is important that you provide a varied meal. The following components help form a healthy and balanced packed lunch:

Carbohydrates – starchy foods like bread rolls or potatoes will provide your child with energy to keep them alert during lessons.

Protein – foods such as meat, fish, eggs, or beans are high in protein and will provide your child with iron, magnesium and other essential vitamins.

Calcium – cheese and yoghurt are all high in calcium, which is a mineral required to help build and maintain strong bones – ideal for growing children!

Fruit and vegetables – packed with nutrients, vitamins and healthy sugars, fruit and vegetables can replace unhealthy snacks.

Drinks – fresh water or pure fruit juices are all healthy options. Full of nutrients and vitamins; beneficial to a growing child.

### **Implementation**

This packed lunch policy fits within a wider context of promoting a whole school approach to food and healthy eating.

Children's packed lunches should be based on the 'Eatwell Plate' model which shows items the 5 main food groups; (Food Standards Agency 2007);

### **Bread, Rice, Potatoes, Pasta~**

These starchy foods are a healthy source of energy. Packed lunches should include 2 or more portions.

### **Fruit and Vegetables**

These foods provide vitamins, minerals and fibre. Lunches should include at least 1 portion of fruit and 1 portion of vegetables / salad, or more.

### **Milk and Dairy foods**

These foods provide calcium for healthy bones and teeth. Include 1 portion at lunch.

### **Meat, Fish, Eggs, Beans**

These foods provide protein for growth. Packed lunches should include 1 portion of these **foods**.

### **Foods and drinks high in fat and / or sugar**

It is important not to fill up on too many foods that are high in fat and / or sugar at the expense of other more nutritious foods. Limiting high fat and sugar foods will help protect young people from becoming overweight as well as helping prevent tooth decay, heart disease, stroke, and diabetes. This is why sweets, chocolate, cereal bars, fruit bars, toffee/salted popcorn and fizzy drinks are no longer available in schools. Please support your school by not including these items in a packed lunch.\*\*\***(see box on page 5)**

**Drinks** – any drinks provided in lunch boxes should only include either plain water, unsweetened fresh fruit juice or diluted fresh fruit juice. Please do not include milk as school have nowhere cool to store packed lunches.

To ensure consistency and to keep packed lunches in line with food standards for school meals, packed lunches **should not** contain the following:

- Fizzy / sugary drinks in cartons, bottles or cans
- Chocolate-coated products / sweets / confectionary
- Cereal bars, fruit bars
- Chocolate spread as filling for sandwiches
- Peanut butter as a filling for sandwiches
- Chewing gum
- Sugared / toffee and salted popcorn
- Milk

As we have children in school with nut allergies, nuts **should not** be part of a school lunch.

Hot liquids such as soup or tea are not allowed as they can be easily spilt and may cause scalding.

(Additional information is available with ideas and examples of foods that can be included in packed lunches). **School Food Trust-**  
[www.schoolfoodtrust.org.uk](http://www.schoolfoodtrust.org.uk)

### **Waste and Disposal**

The school will, within reason, send any uneaten packed lunch food items back home. The rationale for this is that parents can also monitor what their child has consumed during the day and then raise any concerns over their child's food intake with the school.

### **Promotion of Healthy Packed Lunches**

There will be ongoing promotion of the need to provide healthy packed lunches through:

- Pupil, parent / carers newsletters
- School prospectus
- Packed Lunch Policy
- Health weeks / healthy eating activities
- Curriculum content
- Parents evenings
- School website
- Workshops for parents

### **Packed Lunch Containers**

It is the responsibility of the parents / carers to provide an appropriate packed lunch container where food items can be stored securely and appropriately until the lunchtime period. Parents are advised to include an ice pack. Food products prepared and stored in ambient temperatures after a period of time can have increased levels of bacteria in them.

### **Storage of Packed Lunches**

The school will provide storage area / facilities for packed lunch bags, in the most convenient and appropriate place possible. However, the school cannot provide cooled storage areas and therefore cannot take legal responsibility for foods prepared at home and then brought into school.

### **Dining Facilities for Pupils Bringing Packed Lunch**

The school will provide an appropriate area where pupils who choose to bring packed lunches can **eat**.

### **Monitoring and Evaluation**

The school will carry out monitoring of packed lunch provision - where there may be concerns over a child's food / nutrition intake and / or content of packed lunches, this can be dealt with timely and sensitively.

OfSTED are required to report on how the school promotes the personal development and wellbeing of all pupils – this may include food provision including packed lunches brought into school.

The Local Authority will work with the school to review packed lunch provision and will provide advice and support to members of the school community.

National Healthy School Programme (NHSP):

In order to achieve National Healthy Schools Status, schools are required to:

- “ensure healthier food and drink options are available and promoted in breakfast clubs, at break and at lunchtimes – as outlined by Food in Schools guidance”
- “monitors pupils' menus and food choices to inform policy development and provision”

Schools that have achieved National Healthy School Status (NHSS) may be monitored as part of a national and local quality assurance process.

### **Policy Review**

This policy will be reviewed as part of the schools agreed policy review

process. In addition, any major legislative or governmental changes regarding school food may lead to this policy being amended.

**Endorsement**

The School Governing Body, Pupils, Parent / Carer Representative and Staff endorse this policy for implementation.

**Ratified by Governing Body on (date)** \_\_\_\_\_

Signed.....(Headteacher or School representative)

Signed.....Governor

Signed.....Pupil Representative

Signed.....Parent /Carer Representative